#### Panel Discussions



## Potential Phase 2 studies: Sediment Dynamics

- Evaluate amount of sediment flux entering far South Bay
- Sediment accumulation in breached ponds of Eden Landing and Ravenswood Complexes.
- Assess landscape level changes in vegetation from Phase 1 restoration actions.
- Develop cost-effective and accurate methods to map baseline mudflat habitat and track future changes, and to determine how restoration actions may affect the extent of mudflats.
- Map the extent and quality of biofilm, understand its role in shorebird feeding, and how restoration actions might alter biofilm.
- Better understanding of sea level rise impacts on marsh habitat.



#### Potential Phase 2 studies: Aquatic Species and Water Quality

- Continue steelhead smolt studies to support continued management of Pond A8.
- Conduct studies assessing the growth and reproductive success of aquatic organisms, especially fish.
- Contribution of local wastewater treatment plants to nutrient and low dissolved oxygen conditions.
- How pond management influences water quality, phytoplankton and fish diversity and abundance and food web dynamics in all the Complexes.



# Potential Phase 2 studies: Mercury

- How to manage ponds to reduce mercury. Continued assessment of Pond A8 complex is needed. Other complexes?
- Assess other newly breached habitats to understand mercury accumulation over time.
- Establish a long-term mercury monitoring program at set marsh sites and indicator species.
- The effect of mercury on breeding birds.
- Effects of mercury on marsh species, such as the Ridgway's rail.



# Potential Phase 2 studies: Bird Use of Changing Habitats

- Continued high-tide bird surveys on all the ponds to assess long term impacts of marsh restoration
- Develop optimal or target salinity and water levels for bird guilds and species.
- Continue enhancing habitat diversity to enhance carrying capacity and support species diversity.
- Study how to enhance food availability and the carrying capacity of the ponds.
- Continue studying bird nest abundance/nest success in relation to island habitat creation/enhancement.
- Directed studies of specific guilds such as grebes and phalaropes?



#### Potential Phase 2 studies: Bird Use of Changing Habitats

- Continue enhancement and predator management of plover nesting areas and study the effectiveness.
- Monitoring of waterbird abundance and behavior in tidal ponds at low tide to assess use of marsh/panne habitat.
- Continue understanding carrying capacity of mudflat habitat and biofilm for shorebirds.
- Monitoring of Ridgway rail breeding success in newly restored areas.
- Use of telemetry studies to understand bird use of upland transition zone or marsh islands by rail.